

# GRADE 2 MATHEMATICS 

## CURRICULUM

CARLISLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT

DATE OF BOARD APPROVAL: AUGUST 18, 2022

COURSE OVERVIEW

| Title: | Grade 2 Mathematics |
| :--- | :--- |
| Grade Level: | 2 |
| Level: | N/A |
| Length: | 90 Minute Blocks |
| Duration: | 165-180 Days |
| Frequency: | Daily |
| Pre-Requisites: | N/A |
| Credit: | N/A |
| Description: | This curriculum document is part of a vertically-aligned sequence of curricula from grades Kindergarten through <br> five. Each grade level is aligned to the Pennsylvania Mathematics Standards, and addresses the four curricular <br> domains: Numbers and Operations, Algebraic Thinking, Geometry, and Measurement and Data. Throughout <br> elementary school, these courses are designed to develop students' concrete and abstract understanding of <br> mathematics, foster strong number sense, and strengthen the ability to solve increasingly complex problems using a <br> variety of methods and strategies. Ultimately, the objective is to empower students as mathematical thinkers and <br> communicators. <br> *Throughout document, italicized vocabulary appears in PSSA Mathematics Glossary. |

## COURSE TIMELINE

| UNIT | TITLE | KEY CONCEPTS | DURATION (DAYS) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number Sense and Fact Fluency | - Ongoing skill development | Ongoing |
| 1 | Numbers and Operations - Foundations | - Counting and skip counting in sequence <br> - Adding and subtracting to 20 | 15 Days |
| 2 | Numbers and Operations in Base 10 | - Place value up to four-digit numbers <br> - Comparing numbers up to three-digits | 25 Days |
| 3 | Operations and Algebraic Thinking | - Adding and subtracting up to 100 <br> - Adding and subtracting up to 1,000 <br> - Solving problems involving addition and subtraction | 55 Days |
| 4 | Measurement | - Telling time to nearest hour and half hour <br> - Counting and understanding money <br> - Measuring in U.S. standard units | 30 Days |
| 5 | Data | - Reading and interpreting a variety of graphs <br> - Presenting data as charts and graphs | 15 Days |
| 6 | Geometry | - Classifying objects by specific attributes <br> - Concept of fractions (parts of whole) <br> - Understanding 2- and 3-dimensional shapes | 15 Days |
| 7 | Operations and Algebraic Concepts Multiplication and Division | - Using arrays to represent repeated addition <br> - Introduction to multiplication and division | 10 Days |

## DISCIPLINARY SKILLS and PRACTICES

| DISCIPLINARY SKILL/PRACTICE | DESCRIPTION |
| :--- | :--- |
| Make sense of problems and persevere in <br> solving them | Make conjectures about how real world application problems may be solved, monitor progress <br> toward a solution, and make adjustments in the problem solving plan if necessary. |
| Reason abstractly and quantitatively | Estimate and check answers to problems and determine the reasonableness of results. |
| Construct viable arguments and critique <br> the reasoning of others | Justify and communicate conclusions effectively and respond to arguments logically. |
| Model with mathematics | Use mathematics to model real world problems, interpreting the mathematical results in the context <br> of the situation. |
| Use appropriate tools strategically | Consider the tools available in solving problems and understand the insights gained by using the <br> tool as well as the limitation of the tool. |
| Attend to precision | Calculate accurately and efficiently within the context of problems and communicate results <br> precisely. |
| Look for and make use of structure | Examine problems to discern a pattern or structure and utilize this finding in similar problems. |
| Look for and express regularity in repeated <br> reasoning | Notice repeated calculations or processes and generalize from those insights in order to solve <br> problems. |

*Adapted from PA Academic Standards for Mathematics.

## FLUENCY UNIT

| Unit Title | Number Sense and Math Fluency (Ongoing) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unit Description | This is an ongoing mathematics fluency unit that is designed to be taught and reviewed consistently throughout the school year. |  |  |
| Unit Assessment | N/A |  |  |
| Essential Question | Learning Goals | Content and Vocabulary | Standards |
| Fluency Skills | Master addition (0-10). Master addition (10-20). Master subtraction (0-10). Master subtraction (10-20). Represent numbers in various ways. Read and write one-digit numbers. Read and write two-digit numbers. Read and write numbers larger than two digits. | Vocabulary <br> fact fluency, digits, ones, tens, hundreds, thousands place | CC.2.2.2.A. 2 <br> Use mental strategies to add and subtract within 20. <br> CC.2.1.2.B. 2 <br> Use place-value concepts to read, write, and skip count to 1000. <br> CC.2.1.2.B. 3 <br> Use place-value understanding and properties of operations to add and subtract within 1,000 . |

## Unit 1

| Unit Title | Numbers and Operations - Foundations (15 Days) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unit Description | Students will develop number sense, and addition and subtraction skills. Students will build number sense by counting objects, writing numbers in order, and comparing numbers to 20 , and will use these skills and multiple strategies to add and subtract to 20 . Students will then transfer these skills to solve word problems. This unit precedes all other units because it lays the foundation for second grade math skills. |  |  |
| Unit Assessment | Common Assessment |  |  |
| Essential Question | Learning Goals | Content and Vocabulary | Standards |
| How do I count on and skip count by $1 \mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{~s}, 5 \mathrm{~s}$, and 10 s to 100 ? | Count up on a number line. Skip count by 2 s and 3 s . Skip count by 5 s and 10 s . Identify and explain patterns when counting by $2 \mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{~s}, 5 \mathrm{~s}$ and 10 s (odd and even). Determining if a number is odd or even. | Vocabulary number line, skip count, patterns, odd and even, hundreds grid | CC.2.1.1.B. 2 <br> Use place concepts to represent amounts of tens and ones and to compare two-digit numbers. (First grade standard) |
| How do I find sums to 20 ? | $\square$ Use various strategies to solve addition problems up to 20 . | Vocabulary <br> strategy, sum/addition, number grid, number line, manipulatives <br> Example Strategies <br> +0 and +1 strategy, doubles, doubles +1 , combinations of 10 , turnaround | CC.2.2.2.A. 2 <br> Use mental strategies to add and subtract within 20. |


| How do I find <br> differences to 20? | $\square$ Use various strategies to solve <br> subtraction problems up to 20. | Vocabulary <br> difference/subtract, strategy, number <br> grid, number line, manipulatives, turn <br> around rule | CC.2.2.2.A.2 <br> Use mental strategies to add <br> and subtract within 20. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | Example Strategies <br> 0 and -1 strategy, count up and back, <br> think addition |  |

## UNIT 2

| Unit Title | Numbers and Operations in Base 10 (25 Days) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unit Description | Students will learn place value with whole numbers. They will be able to read and represent whole numbers, identify place value, round whole numbers, as well as add and subtract multi-digit numbers. This unit provides a foundation for number sense and place value that students will need to understand mathematical operations and problem-solving skills. |  |  |
| Unit Assessment | Common Assessment |  |  |
| Essential Question | Learning Goals | Content and Vocabulary | Standards |
| How do I identify place value up to four-digit numbers? | Identify ones, tens, hundreds, and thousands place. $\square$ Read and write numbers using place value. Represent numbers using base 10 blocks through the thousands. Skip count by $2 \mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{~s}, 5 \mathrm{~s}$, and 10 s to 1,000. | Vocabulary <br> value, base 10 , standard form, expanded form, word form | CC.2.1.2.B. 1 <br> Use place-value concepts to represent amounts of tens and ones and to compare three-digit numbers. <br> CC.2.1.2.B. 2 <br> Use place-value concepts to read, write, and skip count to 1,000 . |
| How do I compare two whole numbers up to three digits? | Compare two numbers up to three digits. Explain how to compare two numbers up to three digits. | Vocabulary compare, greater than, less than, equal to | CC.2.1.2.B. 3 <br> Use place-value understanding and properties of operations to add and subtract within 1,000 . |

## UNIT 3

| Unit Title | Operations and Algebraic Thinking (55 Days) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unit Description | Students will learn how to use place value to solve multi-digit addition and subtraction problems. They will use rounding to estimate the sums and differences of equations. They will use a variety of strategies to master multidigit addition and subtraction with and without regrouping. Emphasis will be placed on traditional algorithms. Students will also analyze and solve word problems to practice adding and subtracting multi-digit numbers. |  |  |
| Unit Assessment | Common Assessment |  |  |
| Essential Question | Learning Goals | Content and Vocabulary | Standards |
| How do I round whole numbers to a given place? | Round whole numbers to the hundreds place. $\square$ Explain when rounding is a useful strategy. | Vocabulary rounding, estimate | N/A |
| How do I add within 100 ? | Solve addition problems within 100. $\square$ Solve addition word problems within 100 . | Example Strategies <br> partial sums, traditional addition algorithm, find combinations, base 10 blocks, rounding | CC.2.2.2.A. 1 <br> Represent and solve problems involving addition and subtraction within 100 . <br> CC.2.2.2.A. 2 <br> Use mental strategies to add and subtract within 20. |


| How do I subtract <br> within 100? | $\square$ Solve subtraction problems <br> within 100. <br> $\square$ Solve subtraction word problems <br> within 100. | Vocabulary <br> regrouping, traditional subtraction <br> algorithm | CC.2.2.2.A.1 <br> Represent and solve problems <br> involving addition and <br> subtraction within 100. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Example Strategies <br> traditional subtraction algorithm, <br> rounding | CC.2.2.2.A.2 <br> Use mental strategies to add <br> and subtract within 20. |  |  |
| How do I add and <br> subtract within <br> 1,000 ? | $\square$ Solve addition problems to 1,000. <br> $\square$ Solve subtraction problems to <br> $1,000$. <br> $\square$ Solve addition and subtraction <br> word problems to 1,000. | Example Strategies <br> traditional algorithm, turn-around rule, <br> making a ten, doubles and doubles +1 | CC.2.1.2.B.3 <br> Use place value understanding <br> and properties of operations to <br> add and subtract within 1,000. |
| How do I answer <br> open ended <br> questions involving <br> addition and <br> subtraction to 1,000? | $\square$ Teach the steps to answer open <br> ended multi-step questions involving <br> addition and subtraction to 1,000. | N/A | N/A |

UNIT 4

| Unit Title | Measurement (30 Days) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unit Description | Students will learn measurement involving time, money, and length. They will be able to solve real-world problems based on time, money, and length incorporating all previously taught numbers and operations concepts. |  |  |
| Unit Assessment | Common Assessment |  |  |
| Essential Question | Learning Goals | Content and Vocabulary | Standards |
| How do I tell time to the nearest five minutes on analog and digital clocks? | Tell, show, and write time to the nearest hour and half hour. $\square$ Tell, show, and write time to the nearest quarter hour and nearest five minutes. $\square$ Distinguish between AM and PM time and activities. | Vocabulary <br> hour hand, minute hand, half hour, quarter hour, AM and PM, analog clock, digital clock | CC.2.4.2.A. 2 <br> Tell and write time to the nearest five minutes using both analog and digital clocks. |
| How do I count money? | Identify and count groups of pennies, nickels, and dimes. Identify and count quarters and paper money. Identify and count a mixed variety of coins and paper money. $\square$ Identify equivalent monetary values using different groups of coins (example: 5 pennies can be exchanged for a nickel). | Vocabulary penny, nickel, dime, quarter, one-, five-, and ten-dollar bills | CC.2.4.2.A. 3 <br> Solve problems and make change using coins and paper currency with appropriate symbols. |


| How do I solve <br> problems and make <br> change using coins <br> and paper money? | $\square$ Make change involving coins and <br> dollars. <br> $\square$ Solve word problems involving <br> making change. | Vocabulary <br> penny, nickel, dime, quarter, one-, five-, <br> and ten-dollar bills, exchange, change | CC.2.4.2.A.3 <br> Solve problems and make <br> change using coins and paper <br> currency with appropriate <br> symbols. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| How do I measure in <br> US standard units? | $\square$ Measure the length of an object <br> using inches, feet, and yards. <br> $\square$ Choose the appropriate tool (ruler <br> or yardstick) to measure objects of <br> different lengths. <br> $\square$ Measure to determine how much <br> longer one object is than another and <br> express the length in terms of <br> standard units. | Vocabulary <br> feet, inch, ruler, yardstick, estimate, <br> standard unit | CC.2.4.2.A.1 <br> Measure and estimate lengths <br> in standard units using <br> appropriate tools. |
| How do I answer <br> open ended <br> questions involving <br> time, money, and <br> length? | $\square$ Teach the steps to answer open <br> ended questions involving time, <br> money, and length. | N/A | CC.2.4.2.A.6 <br> Extend the concepts of addition <br> and subtraction to problems <br> involving length. |

UNIT 5

| Unit Title | Data (15 Days) |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Unit Description | Student will learn to represent and interpret data on line plots, picture graphs, and bar graphs. |  |  |
| Unit Assessment | Common Assessment | Content and Vocabulary | Standards |
| Essential Question | Learning Goals | Vocabulary <br> graphs, bar graph, line plot, picture <br> graphs, data | CC.2.4.2.A.4 <br> Represent and interpret data <br> using line plots, picture graphs, <br> and bar graphs. |
| How do I read and <br> interpret data on a <br> variety of graphs? | $\square$ Read and interpret a graph. <br> $\square$ Ask and answer questions related <br> to a variety of graphs. | CC.2.4.2.A.4 <br> Represent and interpret data <br> using line plots, picture graphs, <br> and bar graphs. |  |
| How do I create a <br> variety of graphs <br> using given data? | $\square$ Create a graph using given data. <br> $\square$ Ask and answer questions related <br> to the created graphs. | Vocabulary <br> data | N/A |
| How do I answer an <br> open ended question <br> interpreting data on <br> a line plot, bar <br> graph, and picture <br> graphs? | Teach the steps to answer open ended <br> questions involving interpreting data <br> on a line plot, bar graph, and picture <br> graph? | N/A |  |

## UNIT 6

| Unit Title | Geometry (15 Days) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unit Description | Students will learn about two- and three-dimensional shapes and their attributes. They will identify a variety of quadrilaterals. Students will describe and compare shapes using their attributes, and partition shapes into equal parts to build knowledge of equal sharing and the basis of fractions. Students will read and write fractions in halves, thirds, and fourths. |  |  |
| Unit Assessment | Common Assessment |  |  |
| Essential Question | Learning Goals | Content and Vocabulary | Standards |
| How do I identify a two-dimensional shape based on its attributes? | Identify and draw polygons based on specific attributes. Categorize shapes based on attributes. | Vocabulary <br> triangles, quadrilaterals (rectangle, square, rhombus/kite, trapezoid, parallelogram), pentagons, hexagons, attributes (sides, angles, vertices, right angle) | CC.2.3.2.A. 1 <br> Analyze and draw two- and three-dimensional shapes having specified attributes. |
| How do I partition a two-dimensional shape into halves, thirds, and quarters? | Partition rectangles, circles, and squares into two, three, or four equal parts. $\square$ Describe the parts of the whole using fraction vocabulary. | Vocabulary partition, rows, columns, halves, thirds, fourths, fraction, equal shares, | CC.2.3.2.A. 2 <br> Use the understanding of fractions to partition shapes into halves, quarters, and thirds. |
| How do I identify a three-dimensional shape based on its attributes? | Identify three-dimensional shapes based on specific attributes. $\square$ Categorize attributes of shapes. | Vocabulary <br> solid shape, three-dimensional shapes, cube, rectangular prism, sphere, cone, cylinder, pyramid, attributes (face, edge, apex, vertices) | CC.2.3.2.A. 1 <br> Analyze and draw two- and three-dimensional shapes having specified attributes. |


| How do I answer <br> open ended <br> questions <br> categorizing <br> attributes of two- <br> and three- <br> dimensional <br> shapes? | $\square$ Teach the steps to answer open <br> ended questions categorizing <br> attributes of shapes. | N/A | N/A |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## UNIT 7

| Unit Title | Operations and Algebraic Concepts - Multiplication and Division (10 Days) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unit Description | Students will work with equal groups of objects to gain foundations for multiplication. |  |  |
| Unit Assessment | Common Assessment |  |  |
| Essential Question | Learning Goals | Content and Vocabulary | Standards |
| How do I create arrays to show repeated addition? | $\square$ Represent and solve problems involving real-world examples of repeated addition. <br> $\square$ Use manipulatives to create arrays to show repeated addition and multiplication. | Vocabulary array, multiplication, repeated addition | CC.2.2.2.A. 3 <br> Work with equal groups of objects to gain foundations for multiplication. |
| How do I represent and solve problems using equal groups? | $\square$ Solve problems involving equal division (sharing). | Vocabulary division (sharing) | CC.2.2.2.A. 3 <br> Work with equal groups of objects to gain foundations for multiplication. |

## ACCOMMODATIONS AND MODIFICATIONS

Adaptations or modifications to this planned course will allow exceptional students to earn credits toward graduation or develop skills necessary to make a transition from the school environment to community life and employment. The I.E.P. team has determined that modifications to this planned course will meet the student's I.E.P. needs.

Adaptations/Modifications may include but are not limited to:

## INSTRUCTION CONTENT

- Modification of instructional content and/or instructional approaches
- Modification or deletion of some of the essential elements


## SETTING

- Preferential seating


## METHODS

- Additional clarification of content
- Occasional need for one to one instruction
- Minor adjustments or pacing according to the student's rate of mastery
- Written work is difficult, use verbal/oral approaches
- Modifications of assignments/testing
- Reasonable extensions of time for task/project completion
- Assignment sheet/notebook
- Modified/adjusted mastery rates
- Modified/adjusted grading criteria
- Retesting opportunities


## MATERIALS

- Supplemental texts and materials
- Large print materials for visually impaired students
- Outlines and/or study sheets
- Carbonless notebook paper
- Manipulative learning materials
- Alternatives to writing (tape recorder/calculator)

